

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Date of Issue: 07/29/2024 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection, 25mg/10mL

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection is a calcium channel blocker indicated for the short-term treatment of hypertension when oral therapy is not feasible or desirable.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Chengdu Shuode Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.

No. 9 Lekang Road, Shuangliu District, Chengdu, Sichuan 610200. China

Tel. 15902875001

Distributor

Fresenius Kabi USA, LLC Three Corporate Drive Lake Zurich, IL 60047

General Phone Number: (847) 550-2300

Customer Service Phone Number: (888) 386-1300 Health Issues Information: (800) 551-7176

http://www.fresenius-kabi.com/us/

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number: VelocityEHS

(800)255-3924 (North America) +1 (813)248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Not classified.

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

No labeling applicable according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Water	AQUA	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	98.96 – 98.97	Not classified.
Sodium chloride	Sodium salt of hydrochloric acid / Salt / SEA SALT / SODIUM CHLORIDE / Sodium chloride (NaCl) / Sea salt	(CAS-No.) 7647-14-5	0.75	Not classified.
2-(Benzylmethylamino)ethyl methyl 1,4-dihydro-2,6-	3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 1,4- dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-(3- nitrophenyl)-, 3-methyl 5-[2-	(CAS-No.) 54527-84-3	0.25	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 2

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dimethyl-4-(3- nitrophenyl)pyridine-3,5- dicarboxylatemonohydrochl oride	[methyl(phenylmethyl)amino]ethyl] ester, hydrochloride (1:1) / nicardipine hydrochloride / 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-(mnitrophenyl)-, 2-(benzylmethyl amino)ethyl methyl ester, monohydrochloride / 3,5-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid, 1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-(3-nitrophenyl)-, methyl 2-[methyl(phenylmethyl)amino]ethyl ester, monohydrochloride			(Inhalation:dust,mist), H330
Sodium hydroxide	Caustic soda / Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH)) / SODIUM HYDROXIDE / LYE	(CAS-No.) 1310-73-2	< 0.1	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Benzoic acid	Benzenecarboxylic acid / Benzeneformic acid / Benzenemethanoic acid / Phenylformic acid / BENZOIC ACID	(CAS-No.) 65-85-0	0.0304	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If product is biologically contaminated, follow all institutional protocols concerning the potential release of pathogens. **Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 5 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. **Ingestion:** Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Injection: Accidental injection may have adverse effects. Symptoms may include pain, redness, itching, or ulcerations at the injection site. Sequelae subsequent to accidental injection or in overdoses include hypotension, peripheral edema, flushing, diaphoresis, nausea, confusion, dizziness, headache, chest pain, seizure, weakness, somnolence and syncope.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Treatment should based upon severity of presentation. Administration of calcium should be a first-line treatment in cases of overdosage or accidental injection, but is only partially effective at reversing calcium channel blockage. Glucagon may improve blood pressure but is generally not effective at restoring cardiac hemodynamics. Vasopressor therapy should always be considered, especially in severe cases. High-dose insulin may provide therapeutic benefits for cardiogenic shock seen in calcium-channel blockade. Intralipid infusion therapy should be considered in patients who are unresponsive to previous therapies including vasopressor therapy.

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^{*}Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Solutions do not burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Non-combustible.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. **Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides, sodium oxides and nitrogen oxides.

5.4. Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). If product is biologically contaminated, follow all institutional protocols concerning the potential release of pathogens.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Soak up with inert absorbent material (for example sand, sawdust, a universal binder, silica gel). Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Accidental injection may cause pain and swelling at the injection site. Sharps should be handled appropriately to minimize risk of accidents.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Storage Temperature: 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F). Freezing does not adversely affect the product, but exposure to elevated temperatures should be avoided. Protect from light. Store vials in carton until used.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection is a calcium channel blocker indicated for the short-term treatment of hypertension when oral

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therapy is not feasible or desirable.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Benzoic acid (65-85-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential
		significant contribution to overall exposure by the
		cutaneous route
Manitoba	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-	2)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL Ceiling	2 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	2 mg/m³
USA IDLH	IDLH	10 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL C	2 mg/m³
British Columbia	OEL C	2 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL C	2 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL C	2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL C	2 mg/m³
Nova Scotia	OEL C	2 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL C	2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL C	2 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL C	2 mg/m³
Prince Edward Island	OEL C	2 mg/m ³
Québec	Plafond (OEL C)	2 mg/m³
Saskatchewan	OEL C	2 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL C	2 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles or glasses.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid

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Appearance: Clear yellow solutionOdor: No data availableOdor Threshold: No data available

pH : 3.2 – 4.2

No data available **Evaporation Rate Melting Point** No data available **Freezing Point** No data available **Boiling Point** No data available **Flash Point** No data available No data available **Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable **Lower Flammable Limit** No data available **Upper Flammable Limit** No data available No data available **Vapor Pressure** Relative Vapor Density at 20°C No data available **Relative Density** No data available **Specific Gravity** No data available Solubility Water: Miscuble. Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water No data available No data available Viscosity

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity:

Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid:

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials:

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides, sodium oxides and nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Likely routes of exposure: Dermal, Eye Contact, Inhalation, Oral.

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified.
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified.
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified.

LD50 and LC50 Data:

No additional information available **Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Not classified.

pH: 3.2 - 4.2

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.

pH: 3.2 - 4.2

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.

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Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90 ml/kg (Source: FOOD_JOURN)
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3550 mg/kg (Species: Wistar)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg (Species: New Zealand White)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 42 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h Source: ECHA_API)
2-(Benzylmethylamino)ethyl methyl 1,4-dihy	rdro-2,6-dimethyl-4-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylatemonohydrochloride
(54527-84-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	184 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h
Benzoic acid (65-85-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1700 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg (Source: WHO)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 12.2 mg/l/4h
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	325 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	1350 mg/kg (Source: NLM_HSDB)

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	5560 (5560 – 6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	12946 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	340.7 (340.7 – 469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
NOEC Chronic Fish	252 mg/l (Species: Pimephales promelas)
Benzoic acid (65-85-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	44.6 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	860 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	40 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection, 25mg/10mL		
Persistence and Degradability	Not persistent, readily biodegradable.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

12.3. Bioaccamulative i occiniai		
Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection, 25mg/10mL		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)		
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	
Benzoic acid (65-85-0)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1.88	

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(Log Pow)			

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection, 25mg/10mL		
Ecology - Soil	Ecology - Soil Adsorbs into the soil. Leaches if exposed to water.	

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Adverse Effects: None known.

Other Information: Avoid unnecessary release into the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Treatment Methods: Incineration is the preferred method for disposal of waste product. Can be landfilled, when in compliance with local regulations.

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not empty into drains.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Biologically contaminated materials should be incinerated.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid unnecessary release into the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

14.4. In Accordance with TDG

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Water (7732-18-5)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substance	Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substance	Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active		
Benzoic acid (65-85-0)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active			
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb		
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active			
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb		

15.2. US State Regulations

Benzoic acid (65-85-0)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

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15.3. Canadian Regulations

Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Benzoic acid (65-85-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest

Revision

: 07/29/2024

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products

Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H290	May be corrosive to metals
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause

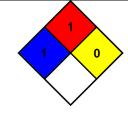
significant irritation.

NFPA Fire Hazard : 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can

occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even

under fire conditions.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Glossary of Data Source Abbreviations

ATSDR: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (U.S. Department of

Health and Human Services)
AU_WES: Australia WES

CHEMVIEW: ChemView (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency) EC_RAR: European Commission Renewal Assessment Report

EC_SCOEL: European Commission Scientific Committee on Occupational

Exposure Limits

ECETOC: European Centre for Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals

Reports

ECHA_API: European Chemicals Agency API ECHA_RAC: ECHA Committee for Risk Assessment EFSA: European Food Safety Authority EPA: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EPA AEGL: Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency)

EPA_FIFRA: Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act Reregistration

FOOD_JOURN: Food Research Journal (1956)

IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer

IDLH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety Immediately

Dangerous to Life or Health Value Profiles

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

JAPAN_GHS: Japan GHS Basis for Classification Data

JP_J-CHECK: Japan J-Check

KR_NIER: South Korea National Institute of Environmental Research Evaluations NICNAS: Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment

Scheme

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety (U.S. Department

of Health and Human Services)

NLM CIP: National Library of Medicine ChemID plus database

NLM_HSDB: National Library of Medicine Hazardous Substance Data Bank NLM PUBMED: National Library of Medicine PubMed database

NTP: National Toxicology Program

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Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)

EPA_HPV: High Production Volume Chemicals (U.S. Environmental Protection

EPA_TRED: Risk Assessment for Tolerance Reassessment Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)

EU_CLH: European Union Harmonised Classification and Labelling Proposal

EU_RAR: European Union Risk Assessment Report

NZ_CCID: New Zealand Chemical Classification and Information Database OECD_EHSP: Environment, Health, and Safety Publication (Organisation for

Economic Co-operation and Development)

OECD_SIDS: Screening Information Data Sets (Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development)

WHO: World Health Organization

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as quaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can, US)

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